

## STATE OF MINNESOTA Flexible Spending Account Medical/Dental Expense Account (MDEA) Over-the-Counter (OTC) Expense Worksheet

The Medical/Dental Expense Account (MDEA) allows an employee to set aside pre-tax dollars for medical and dental expenses including some over-the-counter (OTC) items or drugs. **Reimbursable OTC items or drugs are those which are used to alleviate or treat personal injuries or sickness.** OTC items or drugs that are merely beneficial to the general health of the employee, spouse or dependent are not reimbursable under the MDEA.

**Remember:** OTC drugs or medicines (except insulin) require a doctor's written prescription in order to be an eligible expense for reimbursement. Except in certain limited circumstances in which the IRS has approved the use of debit cards to purchase them, these items will have to be paid for out of pocket at the point of purchase and reimbursement must be claimed on a manual claim form. Please see the reverse side of this flyer and the Plan Summary for specific rules for use of the debit card for over-the-counter medications when you have a doctor's prescription. In order to receive reimbursement, the following items must be included with the reimbursement request: (1) a third party receipt noting the item and date purchased and (2) a doctor's written prescription for the OTC drug or medicine. **As needed, please submit reimbursement requests online at the 121 Benefits website ([www.121benefits.com](http://www.121benefits.com)) or by using a paper reimbursement form.** Non-medications, such as band aids and saline solution, will not require the prescription and can be purchased with the debit card.

### Examples of Reimbursable OTC Items or Drugs

(Those with a medicinal component will need a prescription and are marked by the 'Rx' symbol below; note that we may ask for an updated prescription on a yearly basis)

**Please Note:** The IRS will not allow OTC items with a medicinal component (with the exception of diabetic insulin) to be purchased with MDEA or HRA funds unless accompanied by a prescription. Please see the reverse side of this flyer regarding use of the debit card for purchasing OTC medicines and drugs.

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Antiseptics, Wound Cleaners Rx</li> <li>• Baby Electrolytes</li> <li>• Bandage Wraps and Band-Aids</li> <li>• Chapstick – SPF 15 or higher; medicated requires Rx</li> <li>• Contact Lens Solution and Supplies</li> <li>• Cough, cold and flu medicines Rx</li> <li>• Denture Adhesives, Repair, and Cleansers</li> <li>• Diabetic Insulin and Supplies</li> <li>• Diagnostic Equipment</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First Aid Creams and Ointments Rx</li> <li>• Glucosamine (or Chondroitin)</li> <li>• Hearing Aid/Medical Batteries</li> <li>• Incontinence Products</li> <li>• Orthopedic inserts</li> <li>• Reading Glasses and Maintenance Accessories</li> <li>• Smoking-Cessation Medications Rx</li> <li>• Sunscreen – With an SPF of 15 or higher</li> </ul> |
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### Examples of Reimbursable OTC Items or Drugs that require a Doctor's Note of Medical Condition

(Including specific diagnosis, exactly what is being prescribed and for how long; note that we may ask for an updated note on a yearly basis)

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dietary supplements</li> <li>• Ear Plugs</li> <li>• Fiber supplements</li> <li>• Herbal medicines</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hormone therapy</li> <li>• Omega 3 supplements</li> <li>• Weight-loss drugs</li> </ul> |
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### Examples of Non-Reimbursable OTC Items or Drugs

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aromatherapy</li> <li>• Baby bottles, cups, wipes, oil</li> <li>• Cosmetics</li> <li>• Deodorants</li> <li>• Diet drinks or food</li> <li>• Face creams, moisturizers</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Feminine hygiene products</li> </ul> |
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- Medicated shampoos (for dry scalp or dandruff)
- Multi or one-a-day vitamins
- Shaving creams or lotions
- Suntan lotion
- Teeth whitening products
- Toiletries (incl. soaps or shampoos)
- Toothbrushes, toothpaste, mouthwash, floss



## Purchasing Over-the-Counter (OTC) Drugs and Medicines with the Debit Card

There are three types of merchants at which the debit card can be used to purchase OTC drugs and medicines:

1. At 90% pharmacies with after-the-fact substantiation;
2. At drug stores, pharmacies, non-health care merchants that have pharmacies, and mail order or web-based merchants that sell prescription drugs if the requirements described below are satisfied; and
3. At vendors having healthcare related merchant codes (other than merchants described in #2).

When purchasing a prescribed OTC drug or medicine with the debit card from a merchant described in #2, the following conditions must be satisfied:

1. The cardholder must present the prescription to the pharmacist;
2. The pharmacist must assign a prescription number and dispense the OTC drug or medicine in accordance with applicable law;
3. The pharmacy must retain a record of the transaction, including the name on prescription, prescription number, date, and the amount of the purchase;
4. The pharmacy's records must be accessible by the employer, agent, and/or flexible benefits vendor;
5. The debit card system must not allow OTC drugs or medicines without a prescription number; and
6. The debit card system must meet current IRS requirements which limit the use of the debit card to only tax-qualified medical care expenses.

If these requirements are met, the debit card transaction will be considered fully substantiated at the time and point-of-sale. If these requirements are not met, then the debit card cannot be used to purchase an OTC drug or medicine from a merchant described in #2 unless the merchant is a 90% pharmacy and the expense is substantiated by submission of claim documentation after the purchase has been made.